

# IAS Mentorship

Reyasat Ali sir & Experienced team in CSE prep

## CSE Main 2024: Mini Mock Test 2

Syllabus:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Indian Society</li><li>•</li><li>•</li></ul>	
Name of Candidate	HASSAN KHAN	
Email Id		
Date	9/09/2024	Medium: Hindi / English
Time: 1 Hour	Start Time:	End Time:

Q. No.	Max. Marks	Marks obtained
1	10	
2	10	
3	10	
4	15	
5	15	
6	15	
7	15	
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
Total	90	
Invigilator	Signature	

Hassan

WhatsApp/Telegram/Text/Call: 8090528260

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	Excellent	Good	Average	Unsatisfied
<b>Introduction</b>				
<b>Conceptual Understanding</b>				
<b>Contextual Clarity</b>				
<b>Content Enrichment</b>				
<b>Presentation</b>				
<b>Alignment</b>				
<b>Contextual Justification</b>				

MAHARAJA

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Q1. Urbanization and Dalit liberation movement could not resolve the issues of caste system even in Indian Cities. Do you agree? Substantiate your Views. 150 words

प्रश्न 1. शहरीकरण और दलित मुक्ति आंदोलन भारतीय शहरों में भी जाति व्यवस्था के मुद्दों को हल नहीं कर सके। क्या आप सहमत हैं? अपने विचारों की पुष्टि करें। 150 शब्द

Urbanization and Dalit liberation movement have been pivotal forces in attempting to dismantle caste system in India.

Urbanization promised anonymity and economic opportunities while Dalit movement aimed to secure social justice & equality.

Despite continuous strides, there has been limitations in addressing caste issues & caste continue to manifest in urban settings in subtle ways.

Limitations in addressing caste issues

- 1) Persistence of caste discrimination (e.g.)  
excluded for housing schemes

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- 2) Institutional bias - (2) in schools, hospitals, govt offices, they continue to face discrimination
- 3) Job market segregation → employed in low paying, unskilled jobs.
- 4) wage disparities - often receive low wages despite same role
- 5) social segregation - confined to certain neighbourhoods
- 6) Cultural Isolation - excluded from mainstream activities
- 7) limited political power - in urban governing bodies

These problems need to be addressed to realise constitutional vision of equality & justice

Q2. What are the initiatives taken by governments (State & Union) in recent past to uplift the level of education amongst scheduled tribes (STs). Critically Discuss the issues still persisting in this regard. 150 words

प्रश्न 2. अनुसूचित जनजातियों (एसटी) के बीच शिक्षा के स्तर को ऊपर उठाने के लिए हाल के दिनों में सरकारों (राज्य और केंद्र) द्वारा क्या पहल की गई है। इस संबंध में अभी भी मौजूद मुद्दों पर आलोचनात्मक चर्चा करें। 150 शब्द

Scheduled tribes in India have historically faced significant educational advantages due to socio-economic, cultural and geographical factors.

Acc. to Education ministry report, literacy rate among STs is 59%, below national average of 74%.

## Govt. Initiatives & their effectiveness

1) Eklanya residential schools — to provide quality middle & higher-level education to ST students.

↳ effectiveness — govt sanctioned 740+ EMRS with 500 operational.

↳ improved access to quality education, reducing dropout rates & improved learning outcomes.

2) Post-matric scholarship scheme → to provide fin. assistance pursuing education beyond 10.

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↳ aiding more than 40 Lakh students

3) National fellowship & Scholarship for higher education

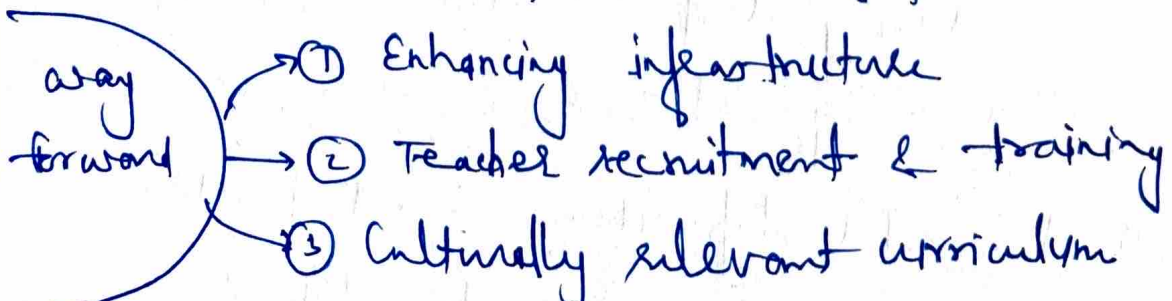
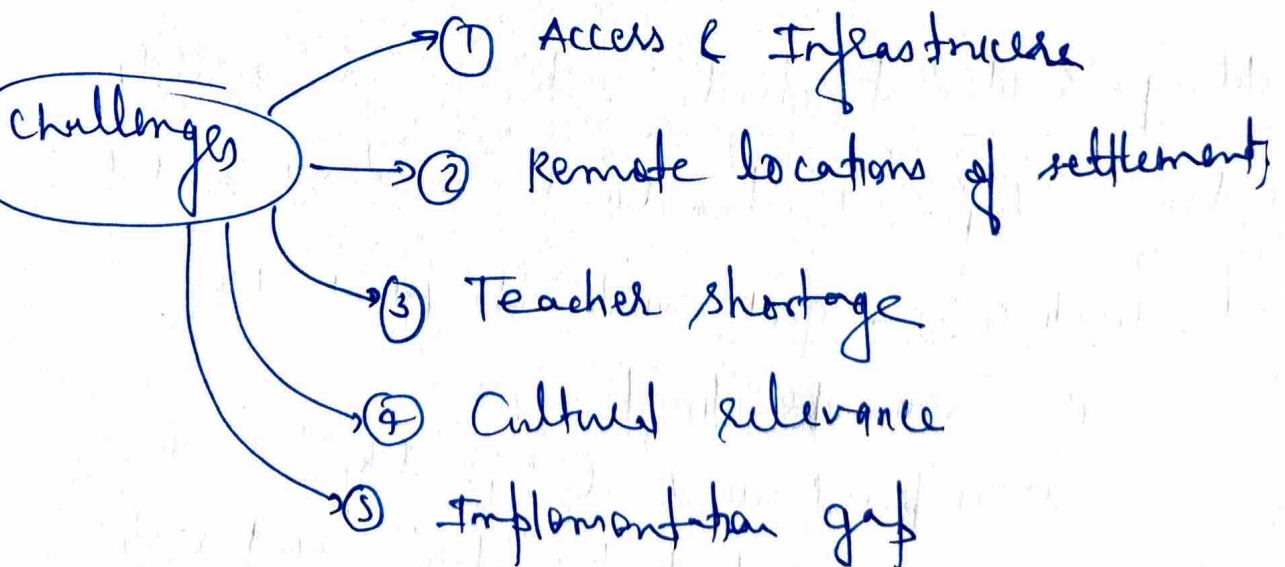
↳ to encourage to pursue M. Phil & Ph.D.

↳ supports 2000 students annually

4) Ashram schools in Tribal Sub-Plan Areas - to provide primary, middle & secondary education to ST in residential settings.

↳ helped preserve tribal culture

5) Pre-matric scholarship scheme



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Q3. Women Movement in India has not been able to address the issues of women of lower social strata. Substantiate your view, also discuss that how women reservation bill 2023 will address the above issues? 250 words

प्रश्न 3. भारत में महिला आंदोलन निम्न सामाजिक स्तर की महिलाओं के मुद्दों को संबोधित करे; में सक्षम नहीं रहा है। अपने विचार की पुष्टि करें, इस बात पर भी चर्चा करें कि महिला आरक्षण विधेयक 2023 उपरोक्त मुद्दों को कैसे संबोधित करेगा? 250 शब्द

Acc. to Ambedkar, Caste system is not merely a division of labour, it is a division of labourers. This perspective underscores complex socio-economic challenges that women from lower social strata face, which have not been integrated into broader women's movement.

## Failure of women movement in addressing issues

- 1) Economic disadvantage - neglected severe lack of access to education, healthcare & eco. opportunities for women from lower strata.
- 2) Wage disparity & issues of Labour market faced by women → are not discussed.
- 3) Social discrimination → caste based violence disproportionately affected by caste based violence & atrocities.

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- 4) social exclusion - face significant social exclusion & discrimination in public space -
- 5) Health services → are poorly accessible to women of lower strata.
  - ↳ maternal mortality rate is highest among such women
- 6) Political representation - women from lower strata are underrepresented in political and decision-making processes

However Women's Reservation Act 2023 aims to address these challenges -

- 1) Increased political representation - through mandated 33% reservation in Lok Sabha.
- 2) Empowerment through participation
- 3) focus on intersectionality
- 4) Inclusive development programs - designed by women representation.

True empowerment of women would come through upliftment of most marginalized among them.

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Q4. As India's most of the urban centers facing worst water crisis, it is time to examine the state of its water resources, Infrastructures and ensure that the development process is not be in jeopardy. Critically comment 250 words

प्रश्न 4. जैसा कि भारत के अधिकांश शहरी केंद्र सबसे खराब जल संकट का सामना कर रहे हैं, यह अपने जल संसाधनों, बुनियादी ढांचे की स्थिति की जांच करने और यह सुनिश्चित करने का समय है कि विकास प्रक्रिया खतरे में नहीं है। 250 शब्दों की समालोचनात्मक टिप्पणी कीजिए

Urban centers face water crisis marked by depleted water resources & inadequate infrastructure. Rapid & unplanned urbanization, population growth & climate change exacerbates these issues.

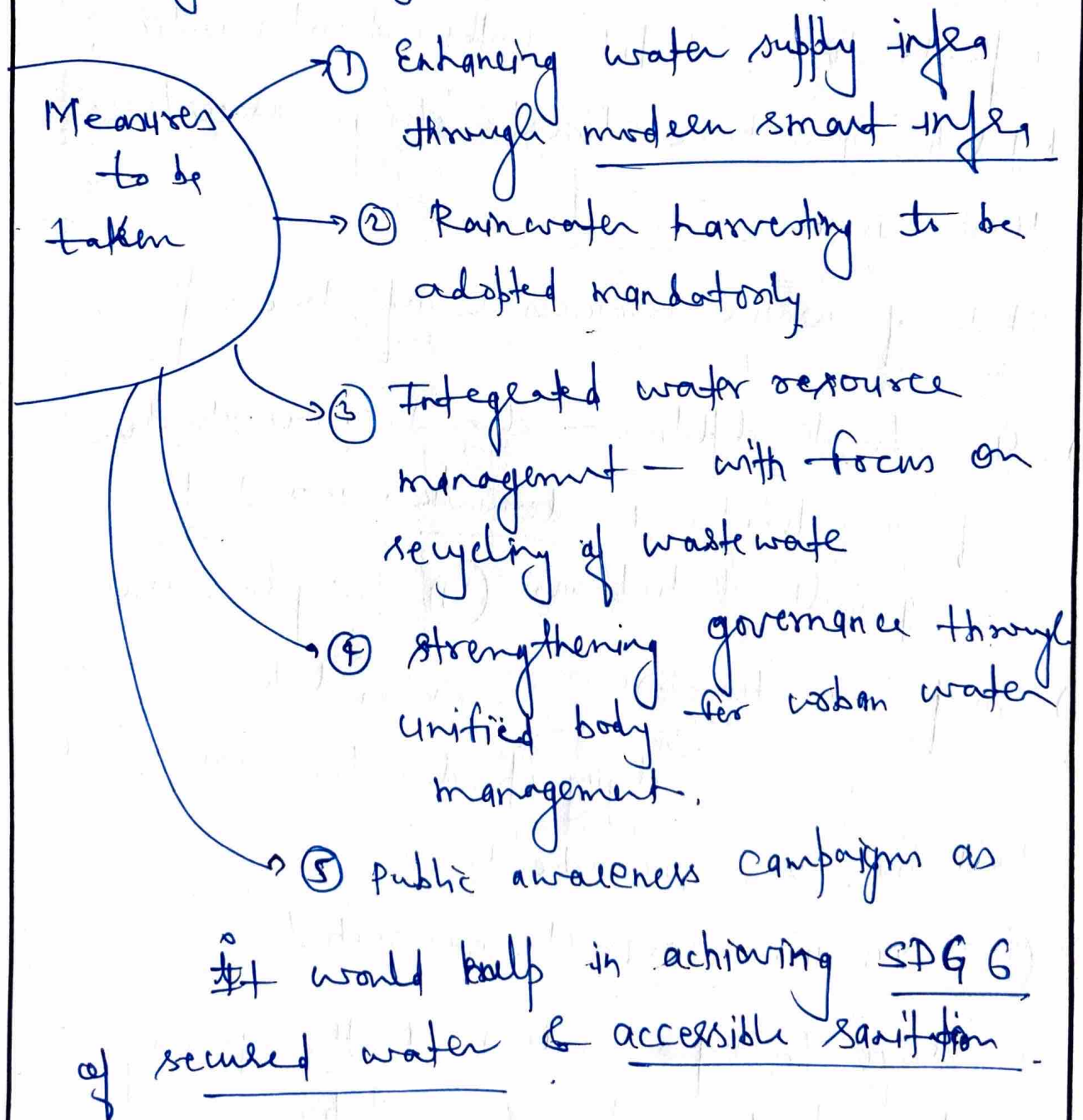
## State of water resources & infrastructure

- 1) Groundwater depletion - due to over extraction of groundwater for domestic, industrial & agricultural purposes (eg) Bangalore issue
- 2) surface water stress - rivers, lakes, reservoirs are drying up due to overuse, pollution and encroachment  
(eg) Yamuna riverfront encroached
- 3) Inadequate infra - to meet the growing demand of water & sanitation

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- 4) Agency infra — and old & poorly maintained leading to inefficient management.
- 5) Insufficient recycling of wastewater.
- 6) fragmented governance & no coordination



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⑥ leverage technology & innovation like smart water management systems based on IOT systems.

⑦ Pune - smart water grids

⑧ waste water treatment & reuse

⑨ Reviving water policy - through tried policy structures

⑩ stricter enforcement of regulation

As it is said - water is elixir of life, it must be preserved and conserved.

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Q5. Comment on the effectiveness of governments poverty removal programs. How the issues of poverty can be addressed effectively in India at present? 250 words

क्यू 5। सरकार के गरीबी उन्मूलन कार्यक्रमों की प्रभावशीलता पर टिप्पणी करें। वर्तमान में भारत में गरीबी के मुद्दों को प्रभावी ढंग से कैसे संबोधित किया जा सकता है? 250 शब्द

Acc. to MDPI of UNDP, approximately 10% of India's population lives below poverty line. As per Niti Aayog report, ~13 crore people came out of poverty between 2015-16 & 19-21

## Government Initiatives

- 1) MGNREGA - to provide at least 100 days of guaranteed wage employment to rural households
- 2) PM Awas Yojana - for affordable pucca houses to poor
- 3) NFSA Act 2013 - to ensure food security of 2/3rd population through legal guarantee
- 4) National Rural Livelihood Mission → to provide skill. & other facilities for self-employment
- 5) National Urban Livelihood Mission - for urban

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## self-employment generation

- 6) PM Jan Dhan Yojana — for financial inclusion  
of poor & remotely located persons

## Success

- 1) Economic Indicators — MGNREGA provided vital safety net with reported reduction in rural poverty by 32%.
- 2) PMJDY — resulted in more than 40 crore accounts opened by 2022. → facilitated direct benefits transfer and reduced leakage
- 3) Improved food security for millions through PDS system
- 4) Increased housing access — (e) 1 crore + houses sanctioned by 2022
- 5) Reduced Infant mortality rate & improved health indicators through National Health Mission

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6) Increased school enrollment - due to Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan providing generational mobility.

## Limitation

- 1) Real wages for rural workers have been stagnant for almost a decade.
- 2) NFSA face exclusion & inclusion errors & leakage in PDS system
- 3) Malnutrition remain a critical issue - (eg) 32% children underweight & 35% stunted
- 4) Learning outcomes & quality of education is still very low as per PRATHAM report

## measures

- ① Promotion of Inclusive growth
- ② focus on learning outcomes
- ③ Emphasis on skill development of adults
- ④ Strengthening of social safety nets
- ⑤ Integrated rural development

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Q6. Discuss the Impacts of Globalization on the Indian Education System. 250 words

प्रश्न 6. भारतीय शिक्षा प्रणाली पर वैश्वीकरण के प्रभावों की विवेचना कीजिए। 250 शब्द

Globalization refers to process of increasing interconnectedness and interdependence among countries, primarily in terms of economic, cultural, & technological exchanges.

It can have a profound impact on various sectors including education.

## Positive Impacts

- 1) Introduction of International standards → in curriculum, pedagogy & evaluation pattern
- 2) Collaborative learning - as NEP (2020) emphasized on experiential and collaborative learning which aligns with global trend.
- 3) Access to information & resources → through Digital learning platform (eg) Coursera, edX

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- 4) Research & Innovation - fostered environment conducive to research & Innovation as universities collaborate with International Universities.
- 5) Educational opportunities abroad - with increase in no. of students studying abroad.
- 6) Global recognition of degrees of Indian education system.

## Negative Impact

- 1) Digital Divide - causing inequality & inaccessibility of quality education.
- 2) Urban-rural disparity - is getting aggravated with poor access for rural areas.
- 3) Cultural erosion -
- 3.1) westernization of education - with focus

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on English medium education marginalizing regional language.

3) Language barrier - creates barrier for regional medium students.

4) Commercialization of education - with increased role of private education systems

5) Education treated as pure commodity, rather than a public good.

Indian education system needs to harness benefits of globalization while mitigating its negative effects.

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Q7. Differentiate between religiousness and communalism by given some examples of how former has got transferred into latter in recent decades? Analyse its impact and suggest measures to strengthen unity and share identity. 250 words

प्रश्न 7. हाल के दशकों में पूर्व को उत्तरार्द्ध में स्थानांतरित करने के कुछ उदाहरण देकर धार्मिकता और सांप्रदायिकता के बीच अंतर करें? इसके प्रभाव का विश्लेषण कीजिए तथा एकता को सुदृढ़ करने तथा पहचान साझा करने के उपाय सुझाइए। 250 शब्द

Religion refers to personal & collective adherence to religious beliefs and practices, fostering spirituality, moral values & community bonds.

Communalism on the other hand involves political manipulation of religion identities to incite division & conflicts among different religion communities.

Transformation from Religionism to Communalism

- 1) politicization of religion - with political parties using religion to mobilize voters
- 2) Religion-based political parties
- 3) Narratives of "Us versus 'Them'" - undermine the social fabric & induce communal identity

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3) Communal riots and violence - (eg) Nuh  
violence results in disruption of social  
harmony & leaves long lasting scar on  
collective consciousness

4) Media and social media - Irresponsible  
reporting & hate speeches, deep fakes etc  
play a role in transformation of  
consciousness.

## Impact of Communalism

- 1) Social fragmentation - as communalism leads to breakdown of social cohesion, creating divisions within society.
- 2) fosters environment of fear and mistrust.
- 3) Economic consequences - riots & violence results in damage to property & business..

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4) political Instability — communal identities can undermine democratic process & institutions

## Measures to strengthen unity

- ① promotion of secular education — through integration of secular values & teachers
  - ② Strict enforcement of laws against hate speech & violence
  - ③ Encourage interfaith dialogues — through facilitation platforms
  - ④ media responsible reporting of issues
  - ⑤ Inclusive governance — fostering trust in government
- Slogan of "Sabka Saath, Sabke Vikas, Sabke Vahan" would help in promoting unity & integrity in country.